



The crooked mind of the commercial pig: *can we rectify abnormal biting behaviour by early and later life conditions?*

Irene Camerlink
7 August 2017



Leading the way in Agriculture and Rural Research, Education and Consulting

A wild pigs' life



Prenatal	Early postnatal
----------	-----------------



Early life challenges – solitary males Maturing – fight s are rare	(Social) Foraging foraging foraging....
--	---



Pig aggression



- Occurs when unfamiliar pigs are put together
- Important welfare issue (farmers have limited options to avoid mixing)



A. "Normal" agonistic encounter



B. Direct agonistic and damaging interaction

Photos: M. Farish

Early life socialization



- **Aim:** Improve social skills to reduce aggression later in life
- Mimicking the natural situation
- **Method:** Mingling 2 litters from 2 wk age onward (or not: control)



- Dyadic encounter at 8 wk age
- n = 380 pigs
- **Results:** Socialized pigs showed a shorter fight duration + had 30% less skin lesions than controls

Alterations in early life can reduce biting

Photos: M. Farish



Extreme pig aggression in neonates



- Piglets are <5 d old
- Enriched environment
- Not related to teat fighting or play
- Very severe aggression (similar to aggression at ~13 wk age)

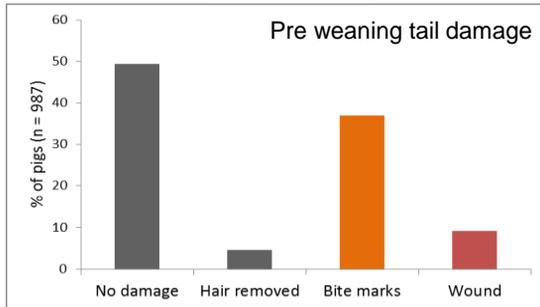
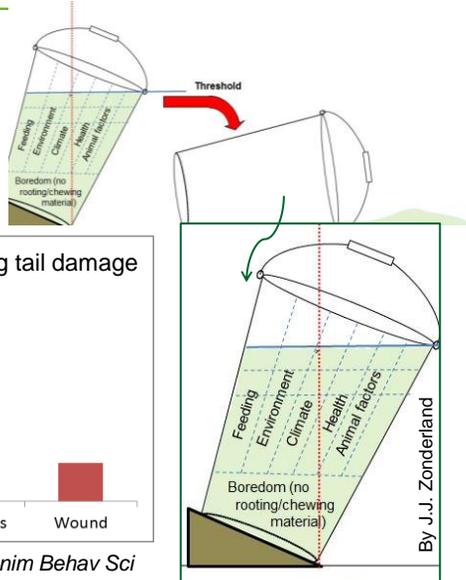


Video 1: SRUC
 video 2: YouTube, full video:
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ujq7CqB3d6g&t=2s>

Tail biting also already pre-weaning



Photo: W.W. Ursinus



Adapted from Ursinus et al. (2014) *Appl Anim Behav Sci*

A commercial pigs' life



The overflowing bucket, but starting at birth already with an almost full bucket

Prenatal (stress)	Early postnatal – a blank sheet?
-------------------	----------------------------------



Early life challenges – Increasing no. of examples of abnormal biting	Still 'pre pubertal' – abnormal behaviour that may (intentionally) kill the recipient
---	---



Photos: 1 to 6: Google (no rights on photos); 7: M. Farish; 8: W.W. Ursinus

A commercial pigs' life



Many generations of stress & manipulation (*Genetics / epigenetics*)

Action needed

Prenatal	Early postnatal
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Predisposition to bite • Genetics • Prenatal stress • Some research 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evidence of extreme aggression • Very little to no research
Around weaning	Grower / Finisher
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evidence of tail biting • Increasing amount of research 	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fatal consequences • High relevance for industry (costs of biting) • Most research focus

Photos: 1, 3: FareWellDock; 2: random Google without credits; 4: W.W. Ursinus

Focus in research on external conditions,
mainly in later life.

Evidence is growing of behaviours being expressed
already right **from birth**

Are we trying to prevent (suppress) what is already
hardwired?

How far back do we have to go?

Note: Many generations of strong selection for single traits



SRUC

Leading the way in Agriculture and Rural Research, Education and Consulting